

TRENDS AND TENDENCIES IN THE SINGLE-USE INDUSTRY

Establishing Continuous Manufacturing in a Relevant Production Scale

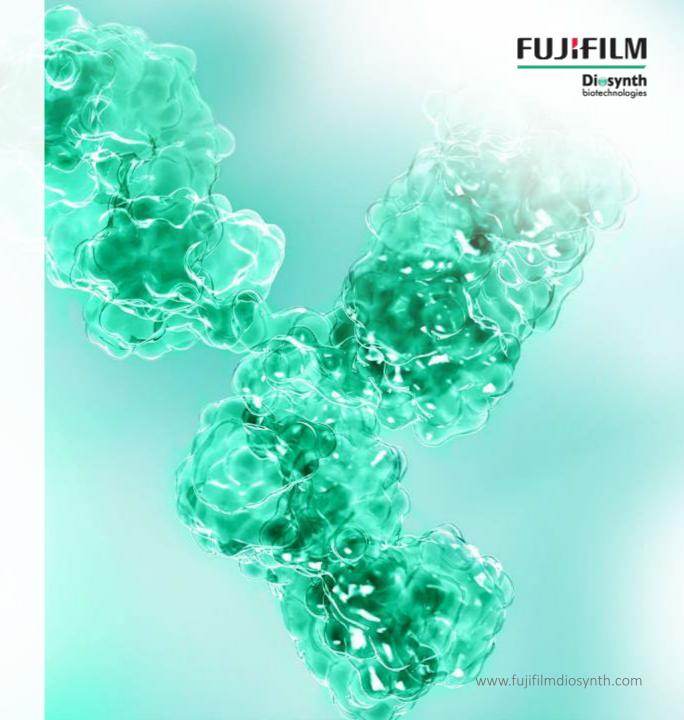
Presenter

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Co - Author

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Hvidovre, 21st September 2023



Agenda



- Introduction
- PDA TR 66
- CDMO setup
- Why go for Continuous Manufacturing
- Quality advantages of Continuous Manufacturing
- Development of a multi-functional Continuous Manufacturing process system
- Case study Continuous Monoclonal Antibody Manufacturing
- Optimal column loading case study
- Questions

PDA Technical Report No. 66

Technical Report No. 66

Application of Single-Use Systems in Pharmaceutical Manufacturing

PDA Application of Single-Use Systems in Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Technical Report Team

Authors

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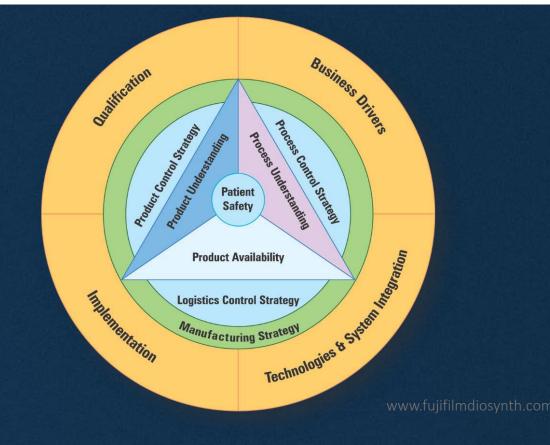
Jeffrey Carter, Ph.D., GE Healthcare

Paul Priebe, Sartorius Stedim Biotech

Christopher J. Smalley, Ph.D., Merck & Co

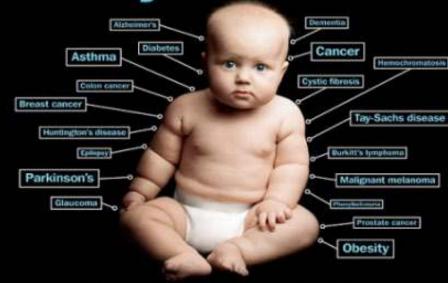
Christian Julien, MS, Meissner Filtration Products, Inc.

Russell Wong, Ph.D., Bayer HealthCare





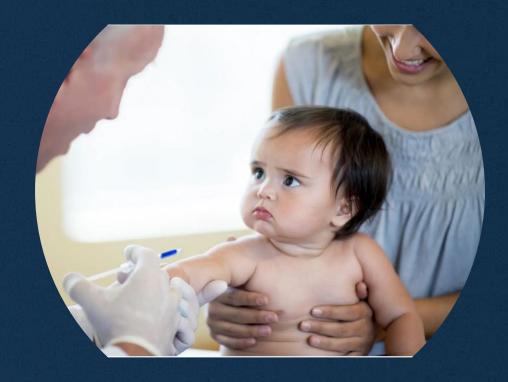
Want to Know My Future?



New genetic tests can point to risks— but not always a cure

BY BONNIE ROCHMAN





What is a CDMO -

Contract Development Manufacturing Organization



CDMO









Dating



First F2F



Wedding



Contract



Marriage



Project execution

Sponsor





Strategies for supplying market demand







Multiple 20,000-L bioreactors

Efficiency of scale

Ideal for high-volume products



Scale-Out

Multiple 2,000 L bioreactors
Options for multiplexing (2 x 2000L)

Flexible strategy mitigates risks due to uncertainties in commercial demand

Ideal for lower volume products

Leverages FDB's 'mAb platform' technology



Continuous

Single or multiple 500-L bioreactors or larger

Improved production efficiencies

Flexibility and potential to deliver high-volume



Advantages of Continuous Manufacturing (CM)

- · Integrated processing with fewer steps
 - No manual handling, increased safety
 - Shorter processing times
 - Increased efficiency
- Smaller equipment and facilities
 - More flexible operation
 - Reduced inventory
 - Lower capital costs, less work-in-progress materials
 - Smaller ecological footprint
- On-line monitoring and control for increased product quality assurance in real-time
 - Amenable to Real Time Release Testing approaches
 - Consistent quality

Potential for reduced cost

FDA Perspective on Continuous Manufacturing

IFPAC Annual Meeting Baltimore, January, 2012

Sharmista Chatterjee, Ph.D. CMC Lead for QbD ONDQA/CDER/FDA

8

Quality Advantages

FUJiFILM

Diesynth

- Shorter contact time
 - Time at 37°C in complex media 14 days vs 3 days
 - Protein/resin interaction hours vs minutes
- Shorter processing time
 - Less/shorter intermediate hold times
- Real time process control
 - Fast response time to process drifting and deviations
- Generation of large amount of data
 - Option for increased process understanding



Increased Process Control

- Option for real time release
 - Build in quality vs testing in quality
- Increased reproducibility and control
 - Aim for a state of "in control" rather "steady-state" conditions



Meeting Product Demand Challenge





This when you need to build the facility, knowing that the product has a 90% chance of falling

What is currently holding back implementation of CBP?

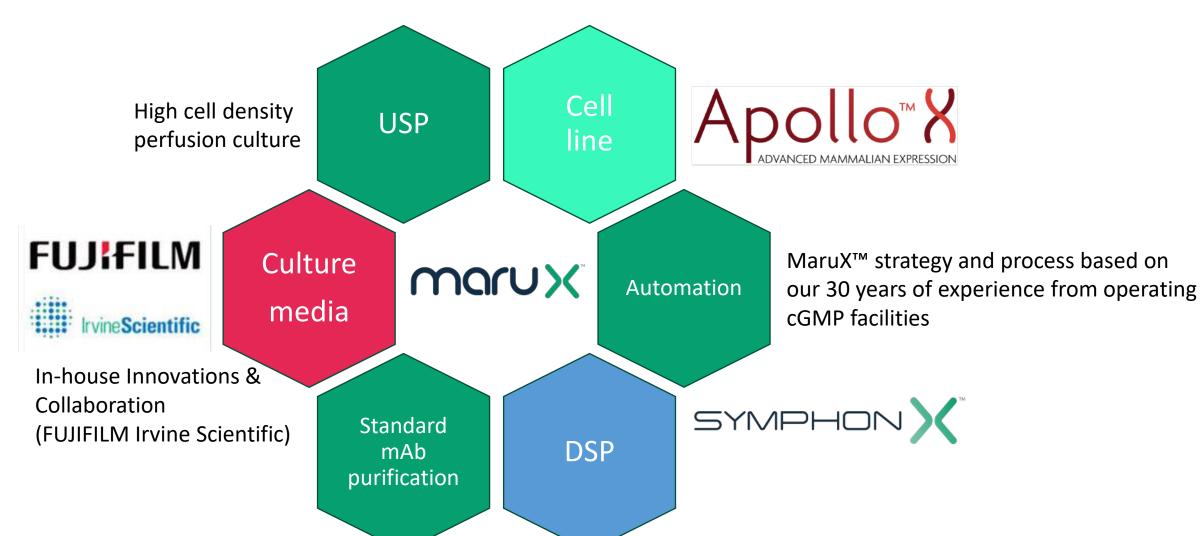


- Precedence someone else needs get it through the FDA/EMA first
- Robust PAT tools, defined regulatory path, robust single use technology
- Comfort level and lack of PAT and control tools
- CBP doesn't easily fit into existing infrastructure / facilities / Quality systems
- Economic justification and adaptation of current Quality/Regulatory programs
- Unit operations not fully developed for continuous processing; not a standard platform

Lack of experience and concern of authorities point of view

MaruX[™] - end-to-end automated and integrated upstream and downstream processing







SymphonX[™]: in-house DSP technology platform



Multi-functional

Disposable Flowpath

Buffer Management

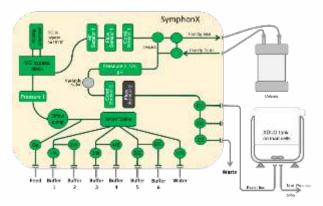
Automation Software

- All standard purification steps
- Simplifies and de-risks operations
- Irradiated, functionally closed
 USP Class VI compliant flow path
- Chemical compatibility & mechanical robustness
- In-line point-of-use dilution, conditioning or blending
- Isocratic and gradient mixing
- CFR21 Part 11 and GAMP5 compliant
- Data Integrity
- Networked/integrated

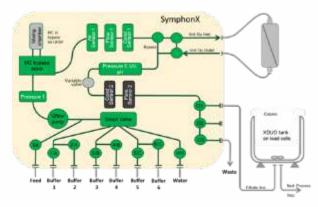
Same flow path different unit operations



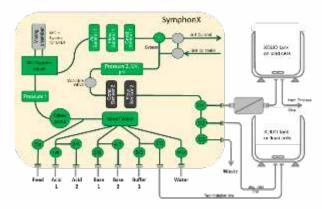
Chromatography



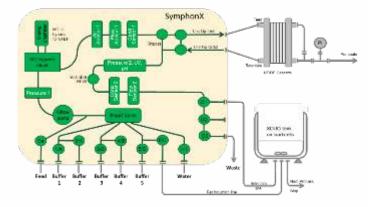
Filtration



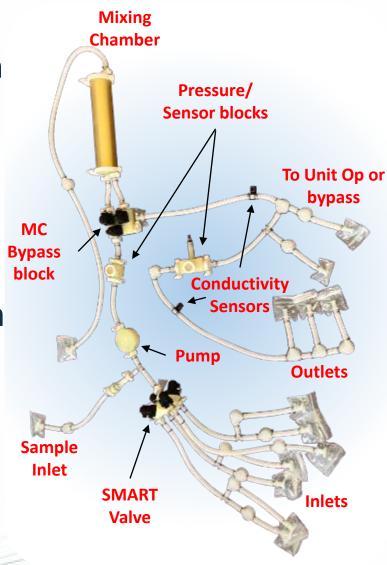
Titration/Viral Inactivation



Ultrafiltration/Diafiltration

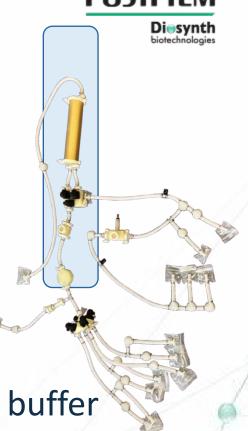






Delivery of Advanced Buffer Management

- 4-way SMART valve block upstream of a single pump with proprietary static mixing chamber downstream of pump
- SMART Valves either open or closed
 - Only one valve open at a time
- Buffer dilution or blending of stock solutions to generate isocratic buffers or buffer gradients
- Mixing chamber converts the time separated aliquots of each buffer into a homogeneous buffer for supply into the unit operation

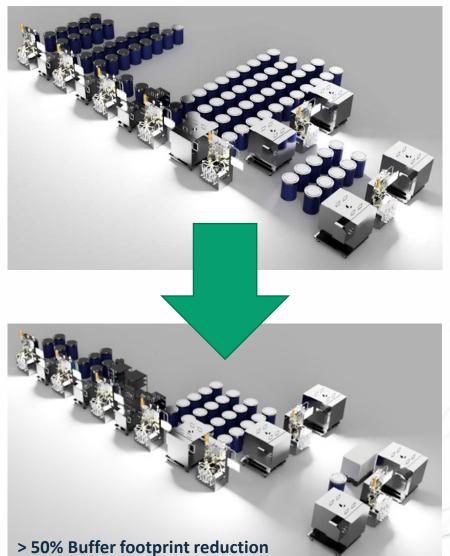




Buffer Management

- Point-of-use in-line dilution using SymphonX™
- Buffer Strategy
 - 5x buffer concentrates for buffers on all 7 unit operations
 - 4x buffer stock for high salt and formulation buffer
 - 1x buffers used for CIEX gradient
 - All pre-made and 0.2 μm filtered
- 1,600 L 5x buffer conc / week
- 800 L 4x buffer conc / week
- (~13,500 L 1x buffer / week)



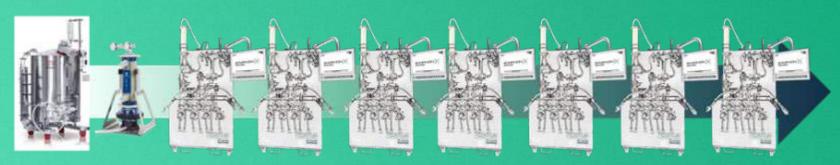








Continuous Monoclonal Antibody Manufacturing: IgG1 (lambda) case study



Marunian make production facility



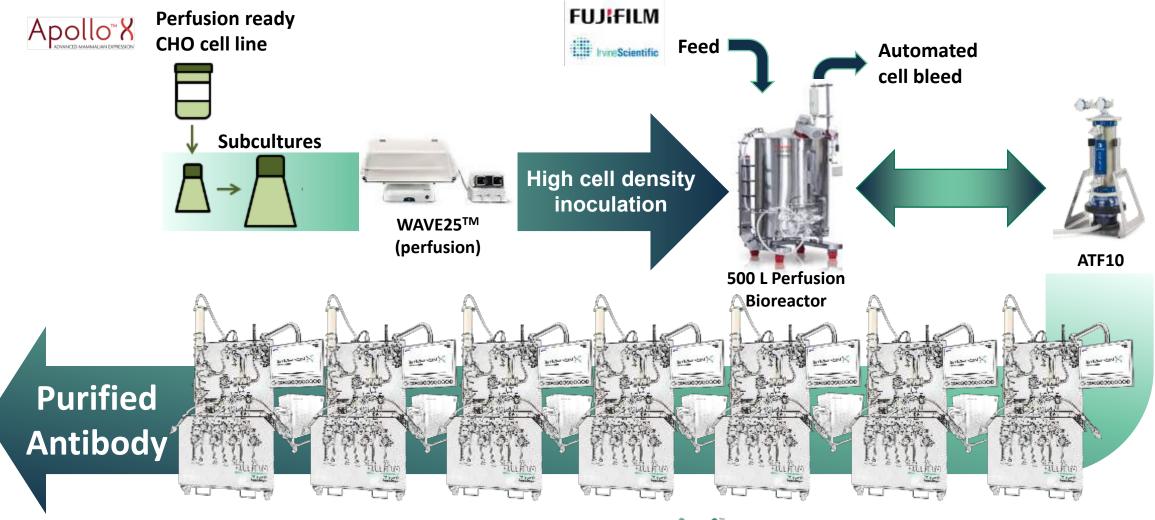
- 400 m² non-GMP suite (Billingham, UK)
- Functionally closed end-to-end disposable flow path
- Semi-continuous operation
 - Upstream: 500 L Perfusion bioreactor and ATF cell retention device using ApolloX™ perfusion cell line and FUJIFILM Irvine Scientific media
 - Downstream: intensified batch processing with SymphonXTM
 - Intermediate break bags on load cells
 - Viral clearance and analytics are aligned with current fed-batch processes



Integrated USP and DSP generates >15kg purified mAb in 30 days







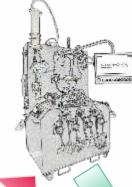
Process Overview



Continuous

USP

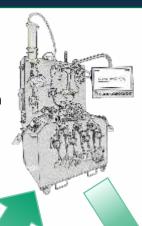
500 L Bioreactor 14 day production run 120x 10⁶ cells/mL 2x 10 m² ATF devices 1.8 g/L/day mAb



DSP (1)

Protein A column 3.1 L CV Praesto

- 1. 22 cycles
- 2. 27 cycles



DSP (3)

CIEX column
3.1 L CV Poros XS

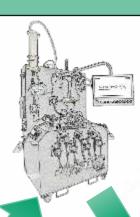
- 1. 27 cycles
- 2. 41 cycles Eluate pooled (up to 6 days per lot)

Hold Bag



Batch

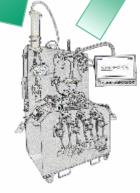
DSP (5)
Viral Filtration
4 m² Planova BioEx
1 cycle





USP-DSP

Load conditioning 30 kDa hollow fibres 2x 3 days



DSP (2)

Viral Inactivation 2 tank low pH hold

- 1. 10 cycles
- 2. 14 cycles



DSP (4)

AIEX membrane
1.2 L Sartobind Q
1 cycle



DSP (6)

UFDF 5 m² 30kDa cassettes 3 cycles



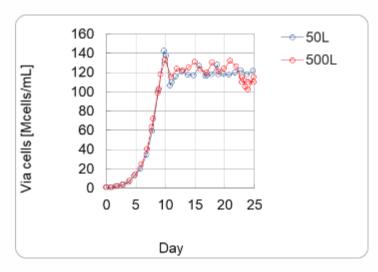


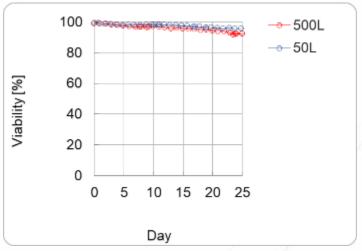


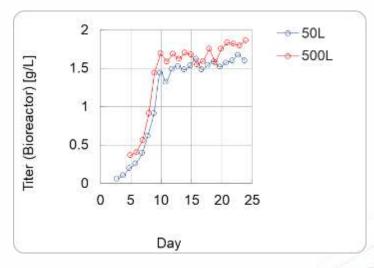


Production bioreactor

- 24 day run
- 1.2 vvd (600 L perfusate)
- Very high cell density
 - 120x10⁶ cells/mL ±10%
 - Viability >90 %
- Productivity
 - 1.8 g/L/day ±10%
 - 15.4 pg mAb/cell ±10%
- mAb supply to downstream
 - 0.96 kg mAb/day





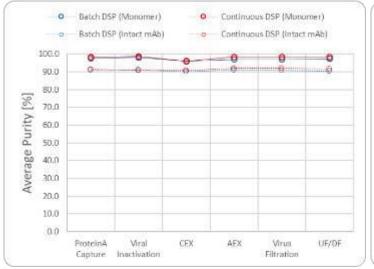


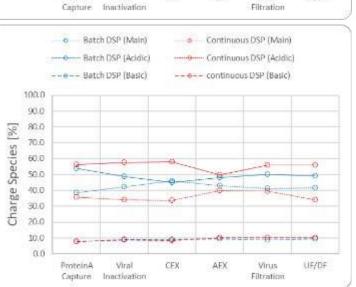


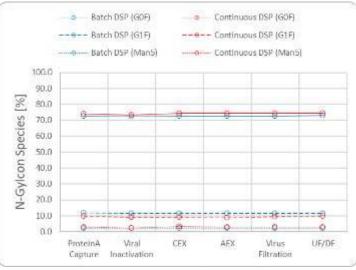


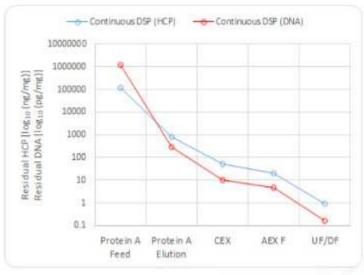


- Product Quality
 - Comparable quality between batch and continuous purification process
 - Consistent quality attributes across purification process
- Residual Clearance
 - Expected clearance of residuals through process
- 3.25 kg BDS from 6 day production "lot"
 - 56 % Process Yield (without process optimisation)









Theoretical Example Yield variation impact on column loading



- Column loading impact on:
 - Residence time
 - Pool volume
 - Processing time
 - Resolution ?
 - Total yield?
 - Impact on CQAs ??



- Typical solution run a number of cycles on each column
 - How many cycles (sub- batches)
 - Longer hold time before loading and after pooling impact on CQAs ?
 - Criteria for pooling sub-batches

Theoretical Example Yield variation impact on column loading



Process step	Yield Range	Amount of Product (Gram)	Column loading range (g/L resin)
500L Cell Culture yield	2.7 – 3.3 g/L	1.350 – 1.650	
Harvest	80 – 90 %	1.080 – 1.485	
Prot A	75 – 85 %	810 – 1.262	16.2 – 25.2 (50 L)
CIEX	85 – 95 %	689 – 1.119	6.89 - 11.2 (100 L)
AIEX	80 – 90 %	551 – 1.079	5.51 – 10.8 (100 L)

Theoretical typical standard MAB process. One cycle per column

Theoretical Example Yield variation impact on column loading



Process step	Yield Range	Amount of Product (Gram)	Number of runs on a 2 L column	Column loading range (g/L resin)
500L Cell Culture yield	2.7 – 3.3 g/L	1.350 – 1.650		
Harvest	80 – 90 %	1.080 - 1.485		
Prot A	75 – 85 %	810 – 1.262	20 – 32	20
CIEX	85 – 95 %	689 – 1.119	35 – 60	10
AIEX	80 – 90 %	551 – 1.079	34 – 68	8

Theoretical MAB process. Running the column steps in a continuous mode

Summary



- Successful demonstration of 500L manufacturing scale continuous mAb production in a non-GMP facility
 - End-to-end functionally closed disposable flow path
 - Data supports moving to 2000 L scale
 - Data supports using N-1 in 20.000 L scale
- USP Highlights
 - High cell density: 120 x10⁶ cells/mL
 - mAb productivity: 15.4 pg/cell equivalent to 1.8 g/L/day
- DSP Highlights
 - Just-in-time in-line buffer concentrate dilution strategy
 - Generated 0.54 kg/day purified mAb











THANK YOU



"The secret of getting ahead is getting started. The secret of getting started is breaking your complex overwhelming tasks into small manageable tasks, and starting on the first one."



Morten Munk
Director, Alliance Management
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Charles Heise, PhD Senior Staff Scientist

FUJIFILM Diosynth Biotechnologies

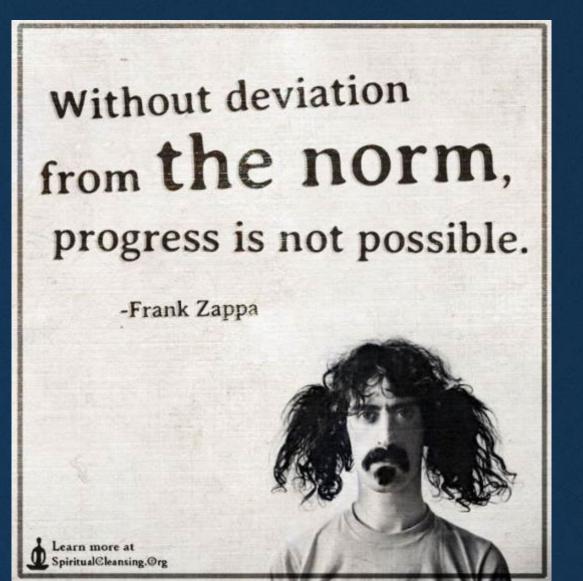
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Questions?





COURSE CALENDAR FOR: 30. OCT - 14. NOV 2023

30 Oct 2023 9:00-16:45

DAY 1: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

- Al and the technologies importance for production.
- · The authorities perspectives on the importance of Al Technologies for the GMP environment
- · Machine Learning

31 Oct 2023 9:00-16:45

DAY 2: DATA AND DATA ANALYSIS

- · Industry (I 4.0) and data understanding (Why and what - Data science projects and processes)
- · Effective use of different data sources to solve problems in production
- · Data analytics methods and tools

13 Nov 2023 9:00-16:45

DAY 3: IOT AND XR

- Operational Performance Support through digitalization, Fuji Film
- · Internet of things the technological possibilities and limitations
- · Xtended Reality In the field between available hardware and solving difficult technical problems

14 Nov 2023 9:00-16:45

DAY 4: DESIGN THINKING AND USER EXPERIENCE

- · User Interfaces A UX approach to better technologies
- · Operational Performance Support through Augmented Instructions
- · Cyber Security Awarenes challenges and handling